### § 1042.820

ask us to determine that a remanufacturing system is not considered available for their vessels because of excessive costs under §1042.850.

- (b) We will maintain a list of available remanufacturing systems. A new remanufacturing system is considered to be available 120 days after we first issue a certificate of conformity for it. Where we issue a certificate of conformity based on carryover data for a system that is already considered to be available for the configuration, the 120-day delay does not apply and the new system is considered to be available when we issue the certificate.
- (c) For the purpose of paragraph (a)(2) of this section, marginal cost means the difference in costs between remanufacturing the engine using the remanufacturing system and remanufacturing the engine conventionally, divided by the projected amount that PM emissions will be reduced over the engine's useful life.
  - (1) Total costs include:
  - (i) Incremental hardware costs.
  - (ii) Incremental labor costs.
- (iii) Incremental operating costs over one useful life period.
  - (iv) Other costs (such as shipping).
- (2) Calculate the projected amount that PM emissions will be reduced over the engine's useful life using the following equation:

$$\begin{array}{ll} PM \ tons = (EF_{base} - \ EF_{cont}) \times (PR) \times \\ (UL) \times (LF) \times (10^{-6}) \end{array}$$

Where:

 $EF_{base}$  = deteriorated baseline PM emission rate (g/kW-hr).

 $EF_{cont} = deteriorated controlled PM emission rate (g/kW-hr).$ 

PR = maximum engine power for the engine (kW).

UL = useful life (hr).

LF = the load factor that would apply for your engine under §1042.705.

# §1042.820 Emission standards and required emission reductions for remanufactured engines.

(a) The requirements of this section apply with respect to emissions as measured according to subpart F of this part. See paragraph (g) of this section for special provisions related to remanufacturing systems certified for both locomotive and marine engines. Remanufactured Tier 2 and earlier en-

gines may be certified under this subpart only if they have  $NO_X$  emissions equivalent to or less than baseline  $NO_X$  levels and PM emissions at least 25.0 percent less than baseline PM emission levels. See §1042.825 for provisions for determining baseline  $NO_X$  and PM emissions. See §1042.835 for provisions related to demonstrating compliance with these requirements.

- (b) The NTE and ABT provisions of this part do not apply for remanufactured engines.
- (c) The exhaust emission standards in this section apply for engines using the fuel type on which the engines in the engine family are designed to operate. Engines designed to operate using residual fuel must comply with the standards and requirements of this part when operated using residual fuel.
- (d) Your engines must meet the exhaust emission standards of this section over their full useful life, as defined in \$1042.101(e).
- (e) The duty-cycle emission standards in this subpart apply to all testing performed according to the procedures in §1042.505, including certification, production-line, and in-use testing.
- (f) Sections 1042.120, 1042.125, 1042.130, 1042.140 apply for remanufactured engines as written. Section 1042.115 applies for remanufactured engines as written, except for the requirement that electronically controlled engines broadcast their speed and output shaft torque.
- (g) A remanufacturing system certified for locomotive engines under 40 CFR part 1033 may be deemed to also meet the requirements of this section, as specified in §1042.836.

## § 1042.825 Baseline determination.

- (a) For the purpose of this subpart, the term "baseline emissions" means the average measured emission rate specified by this section. Baseline emissions are specific to a given certificate holder and a given engine configuration.
- (b) Select a used engine to be the emission-data engine for the engine family for testing. Using good engineering judgment, select the engine configuration expected to represent the most common configuration in the family.

## **Environmental Protection Agency**

- (c) Remanufacture the engine according to OEM specifications (or equivalent). The engine is considered "the baseline engine" at this point. If the OEM specifications include a range of adjustment for any parameter, set the parameter to the midpoint of the range. You may ask us to allow you to adjust it differently, consistent with good engineering judgment.
- (d) Test the baseline engine four times according to the test procedures in subpart F of this part. The baseline emissions are the average of those four tests.
- (e) We may require you to test a second engine of the same or different configuration in addition to the engine tested under this section. If we require you to test the same configuration, average the results of the testing with previous results, unless we determine that your previous results are not valid.
- (f) Use good engineering judgment for all aspects of the baseline determination. We may reject your baseline if we determine that you did not use good engineering judgment, consistent with the provisions of 40 CFR 1068.5.

## §1042.830 Labeling.

- (a) At the time of remanufacture, affix a permanent and legible label identifying each engine. The label must be—
- (1) Attached in one piece so it is not removable without being destroyed or defaced
- (2) Secured to a part of the engine needed for normal operation and not normally requiring replacement.
- (3) Durable and readable for the engine's entire useful life.
  - (4) Written in English.
  - (b) The label must—
- (1) Include the heading "EMISSION CONTROL INFORMATION".
- (2) Include your full corporate name and trademark.
- (3) Include EPA's standardized designation for the engine family.
- (4) State the engine's category, displacement (in liters or L/cyl), maximum engine power (in kW), and power density (in kW/L) as needed to determine the emission standards for the engine family. You may specify displacement, maximum engine power, and

- power density as ranges consistent with the ranges listed in §1042.101. See §1042.140 for descriptions of how to specify per-cylinder displacement, maximum engine power, and power density.
- (5) State: "THIS MARINE ENGINE COMPLIES WITH 40 CFR 1042, SUB-PART I, FOR [CALENDAR YEAR OF REMANUFACTURE].".
- (c) You may add information to the emission control information label to identify other emission standards that the engine meets or does not meet (such as international standards). You may also add other information to ensure that the engine will be properly maintained and used.
- (d) You may ask us to approve modified labeling requirements in this section if you show that it is necessary or appropriate. We will approve your request if your alternate label is consistent with the intent of the labeling requirements of this section.

#### § 1042.835 Certification of remanufactured engines.

- (a) General requirements. See §§ 1042.201, 1042.210, 1042.220, 1042.225, 1042.250, and 1042.255 for the general requirements related to obtaining a certificate of conformity. See § 1042.836 for special certification provisions for remanufacturing systems certified for locomotive engines under 40 CFR 1033 936
- (b) *Applications*. See §1042.840 for a description of what you must include in your application.
- (c) Engine families. See §1042.845 for instruction about dividing your engines into engine families.
- (d) *Test data*. (1) Measure baseline emissions for the test configuration as specified in §1042.825.
- (2) Measure emissions from the test engine for your remanufacturing system according to the procedures of subpart F of this part.
- (3) We may measure emissions from any of your test engines or other engines from the engine family, as follows:
- (i) We may decide to do the testing at your plant or any other facility. If we do this, you must deliver the test engine to a test facility we designate.